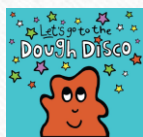


Ongoing activities WC 01.03.21

This slide includes different activities across the different areas of learning; including Communication and Language, Physical Development, Expressive Arts and Design and Understanding the World. I have left it up to you to pick and choose the activities you would like to do, however, do a few of them through the week. Lots of them are ongoing, so they can continue over the week or even a couple of weeks. This all depends on your child's levels of interest in the activities. Have fun and enjoy!



Click the playdough to take you to the recipe!



Now have a go at



wildlife watch

Click me to find some woodlands and wildlife to discover.

What signs of spring can you find? Can you count how many you find?



What will you dress up as for World Book Day? Think of and create a costume for the 4th!

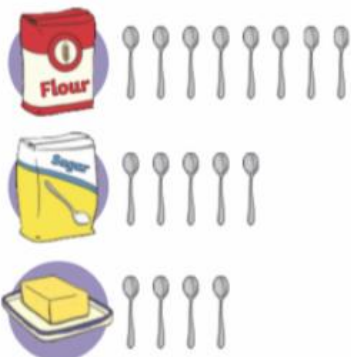


Dress up as the characters and act out the story! I wonder who will be the bear?



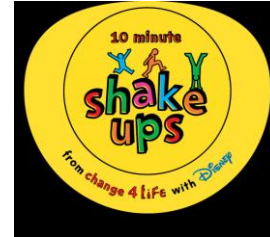
Make some biscuits!

Tablespoon Biscuit Recipe



Have a go at creating a 'Going On a Bear Hunt' small world. Have fun retelling the story through it!





Remember to keep energised!

Please click a picture to redirect you

REMEMBER!
 When your child
 does any writing
 through the
 week, they need
 to sound it out.
DO NOT give
them the
correct
spellings.

 <p>1. Pictures</p>	 <p>2. Random Scribbling</p>	 <p>3. Scribble Writing (Written in linear fashion to mimic real writing.)</p>	 <p>4. Symbols That Represent Letters</p>
 <p>5. Random Letters (No relationship between sounds of letters and what the child is trying to say.)</p>	 <p>6. Letter Strings (Progresses from left to right and top to bottom when the child "reads" his writing.)</p>	 <p>7. Letter Groups (The groups have spaces in between to resemble words.)</p>	 <p>8. Environmental Print (Child copies print found in the room, often without knowing what the words are.)</p>
 <p>9. Beginning Sounds (Child begins to write simple sentences using sight words and just the beginning sounds of words.)</p>	 <p>10. Early Inventive Spelling (Includes the same elements as the previous level, but with more consonant sounds represented and spaces between words.)</p>	 <p>11. Inventive Spelling (Has the same elements as the previous level, but with more sounds per word written, including the vowels. Some conventional spelling patterns may appear.)</p>	 <p>12. Transitional Writing (Includes all of the previous elements, plus some real spellings of words with silent letters and other spelling patterns. Punctuation is beginning to appear.)</p>

I hope you have enjoyed today's learning. The main aim is to support your child. Do not do things for them. Allow them to make mistakes and then learn from them.

We want every child to build their resilience and independence during this time away from school. Do let me know how you all get on.

Remember to email pictures and video links to:

Cherry@newvalleyprimary.com

Characteristics of Effective Learning

Engagement

Playing and Exploring

Finding out and exploring

- Showing curiosity about objects, events and people
- Using senses to explore the world around them
- Engaging in open-ended activity
- Showing particular interests

Playing with what they know

- Pretending objects are things from their experience
- Representing their experiences in play
- Taking on a role in their play
- Acting out experiences with other people

Being willing to 'have a go'

- Initiating activities
- Seeking challenge
- Showing a 'can do' attitude
- Taking a risk, engaging in new experiences, and learning by trial and error

Motivation

Active Learning

Being involved and concentrating

- Maintaining focus on their activity for a period of time
- Showing high levels of energy, fascination
- Not easily distracted
- Paying attention to details

Keeping on trying

- Persisting with activity when challenges occur
- Showing a belief that more effort or a different approach will pay off
- Bouncing back after difficulties

Enjoying achieving what they set out to do

- Showing satisfaction in meeting their own goals
- Being proud of how they accomplished something – not just the end result
- Enjoying meeting challenges for their own sake rather than external rewards or praise

Thinking

Creative and Critical Thinking

Having their own ideas

- Thinking of ideas
- Finding ways to solve problems
- Finding new ways to do things

Making links

- Making links and noticing patterns in their experience
- Making predictions
- Testing their ideas
- Developing ideas of grouping, sequences, cause and effect

Choosing ways to do things

- Planning, making decisions about how to approach a task, solve a problem and reach a goal
- Checking how well their activities are going
- Changing strategy as needed
- Reviewing how well the approach worked